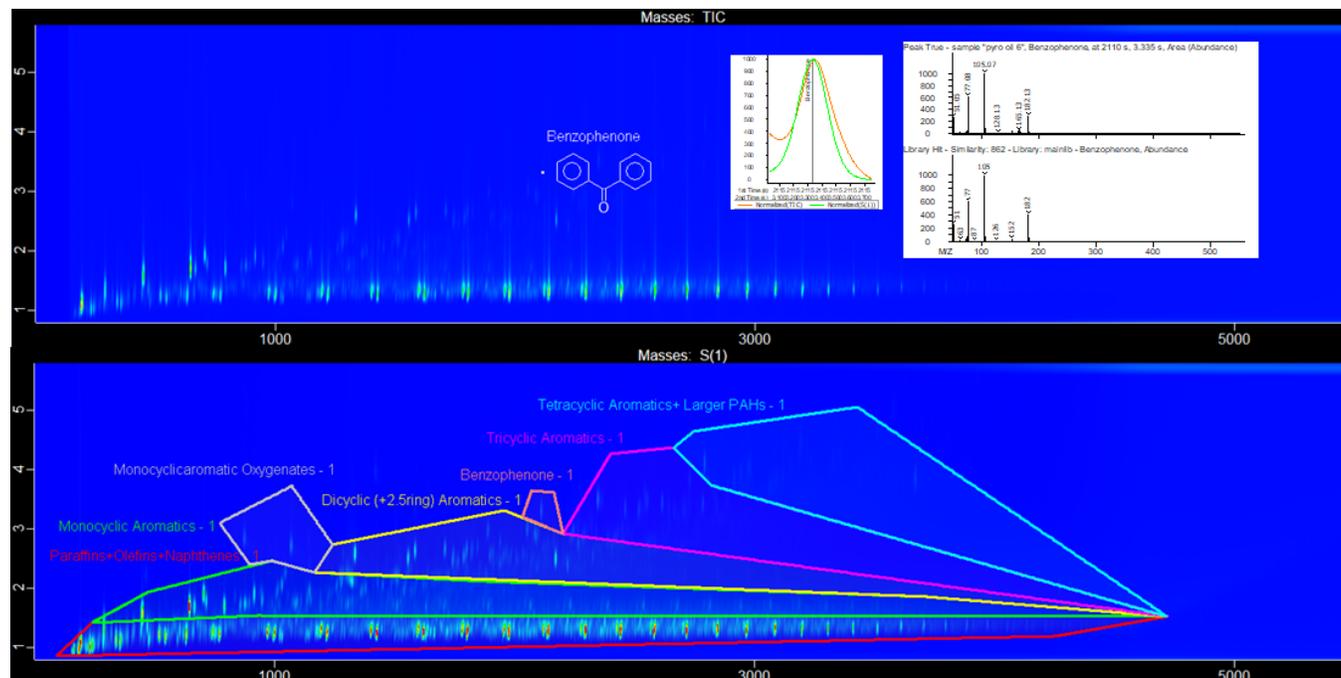


Instrument: Pegasus[®] BT 4D with Paradigm[™] Shift[™]

Dual-Detection of Plastics-Derived Pyrolysis Oil

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Key Words: : Plastics, Pyrolysis Oil, Dual-Detection, Petroleum Alternative



(Top) Total ion chromatogram of plastic-derived pyrolysis oil is shown on a contour plot. A zoomed-in portion of the aligned linear traces for TIC and the FID S(1) trace are shown along with the NIST-library matched spectra for the selected benzophenone peak. (Bottom) The FID signal is plotted with group-type classification region boundaries drawn.

Simultaneous acquisition of qualitative and quantitative data in one injection of a polypropylene- and polyethylene-derived pyrolysis oil is made possible with detailed component identification from the time-of-flight mass spectra and group-type area % classification of the FID provided by the LECO Pegasus BT4D with Paradigm Shift flow modulator and splitter system.

TOFMS detection informs proper group-type boundary delineation and identifies analytes that are of particular import for product quality like species with heteroatoms. The novel constant-split ratio of the Shift flow splitter allows labs to take advantage of added TOFMS chemical information without sacrificing quantitative accuracy of the GCxGC-FID data.

Gas Chromatograph	Agilent 8890 with LECO Paradigm Flow Modulator
Injection	0.5 μ L liquid injection, split 400 @ 320°C
Carrier Gas	Hydrogen, Corrected Constant Flow
Primary Column	Rxi-1MS 20 m x 0.18 mm x 0.18 μ m coating (Restek)
Secondary Column	Rxi-17SiIMS 3.35 m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 μ m coating (Restek)
Temperature Program	35°C held for 3.0 min, ramped 4.3°C/min to 350°C and held for 15.0 min
Modulation	5.0 s; 0.161 s injection duration